- Configurable by Personal Computer
- High accuracy
- On-field reconfigurable
- EMC compliant CE mark
- Suitable for DIN rail mounting in compliance with EN-50022 and EN50035

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The converter DAT 4135 is able to execute many functions such as : measure and linearisation of the temperature characteristic of RTDs sensors, conversion of a linear resistance variation, conversion of a standard active current signal, conversion of a voltage signal even coming from a potentiometer connected on its input. Moreover the DAT 4135 is able to measure and linearise the standard thermocouples with internal cold junction compensation. In function of programming, the measured values are converted in a current or voltage signal. The device guarantees high accuracy and performances stability both in time and in temperature.

The programming of the DAT 4135 is made by a Personal Computer using the software PROSOFT, developed by DATEXEL, that runs under the operative system "Windows™". By use of PROSOFT, it is possible to configure the converter to interface it with the most used sensors.

In case of sensors with a no-standard output characteristic, it is possible to execute, via software, a "Custom" linearisation (per step) to obtain an output linearised signal.

For Resistance and RTDs sensors it is possible to program the cable compensation with 3 or 4 wires; for Thermocouples it is possible to program the Cold Junction Compensation (CJC) as internal or external.

It is possible to set the minimum and maximum values of input and output ranges in any point of the scale, keeping the minimum span shown in the table below. Moreover it is available the option of alarm for signal interruption (burn-out) that allows to set the output value as high or low out of scale.

The terminals of the current signal on input side must be only connected to active current loop.

The 2000 Vac isolation between input and power supply/output eliminates the effects of all ground loops eventually existing and allows the use of the converter in heavy environmental conditions found in industrial applications. The DAT 4135 is in compliance with the Directive 2004/108/EC on the Electromagnetic Compatibility.

It is housed in a plastic enclosure of 12.5 mm thickness suitable for DIN rail mounting in compliance with EN-50022 and EN-50035 standards.

#### USER INSTRUCTIONS

The converter DAT 4135 must be powered by a direct voltage between 18 to 30 V applied to the terminals R(+Vdc) and Q (GND2) as shown in the section "Power supply connections".

The output signal, in voltage or current, is provided to the terminals N(OUT) and M (GND2), as shown in the section "Output connections". The input connections must be made as shown in the section "Input connections".

To configure, calibrate and install the converter, refer to sections " DAT4135: configuration and calibration" and "Installation Instructions".

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (Typical at 25 °C and in nominal conditions)

| Input type          | Min     | Max     | Min. span   |                               |   | 90%) about 400 ms                               |                              |
|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
|                     |         |         |             | RTD                           | > of ±0.1% f.s. or ±0.2°C                     |   | ,                            |
| TC(*) CJC int./ext. |         | 100000  | a 1/        | Low res.                      | > of ±0.1% f.s. or ±0.15 Ω                    | Power supply                                    |                              |
| J                   | -200°C  | 1200°C  | 2 mV        | High res.                     | > of ±0.2% f.s. or ±1 Ω                       | Power supply voltage                            | e 1830 Vdc                   |
| K                   | -200°C  | 1370°C  | 2 mV        | mV, TC                        | > of ±0.1% f.s. or ±18 uV                     | Reverse polarity prot                           | ection 60 Vdc max            |
| S                   | -50°C   | 1760°C  | 2 mV        | Volt                          | > of ±0.1% f.s. or ± 2 mV                     |   |                              |
| R                   | -50°C   | 1760°C  | 2 mV        | mA                            | > of ±0.1% f.s. or ± 6 uA                     | Isolation voltage                               |                              |
| В                   | 400°C   | 1820°C  | 2 mV        | Output calibration            |   | Input/Power supply-Output 2000 Vac,50 Hz, 1 min |                              |
| E                   | -200°C  | 1000°C  | 2 mV        | Output calibratior<br>Current | ±7uA  | Current consumption                             |                              |
| Т                   | -200°C  | 400°C   | 2 mV        |                               | ± 7 uA<br>± 5 mV                              | Current output                                  | 40 mA max.                   |
| N                   | -200°C  | 1300°C  | 2 mV        | Voltage                       | ± 5 111V                                      | Voltage output                                  | 20 mA max.                   |
| RTD(*) 2,3,4 wires  |         |         |             | Input impedance               |   | vollage output                                  | 20 IIIA IIIdX.               |
| Pt100               | -200°C  | 850°C   | 50°C        | TC, mV                        | >= 10 MΩ                                      |   |                              |
| Pt1000              | -200°C  | 200°C   | 50°C        | Volt                          | >= 1 MΩ                                       | Output Load Resist                              | · · · ·                      |
| Ni100               | -60°C   | 180°C   | 50°C        | Current                       | ~ 50 Ω  | Current output                                  | = 650 Ω</td                  |
| Ni1000              | -60°C   | 150°C   | 50°C        | Linearity (1)                 |   | Voltage output                                  | >/= 3.5 KΩ                   |
| Voltage             |         |         |             | TC                            | ± 0.2 % f.s.                                  | Limitation current                              | about 25 mA                  |
| mV                  | 400 mV  | +400 mV | 2 mV        | RTD                           | ± 0.1 % f.s.                                  |   |                              |
| mV                  | -100 mV |         | 2 mV        |                               |   | Temperature & hun                               |                              |
| Volt                | - 10 V  | +10 V   | 500 mV      | Line resistance ir            |   | Operative temperature -20°C +70°C               |                              |
|                     | - 10 V  | 110 V   | 500 111     | TC, mV                        | <=0.8 uV/Ohm                                  | Storage temperature                             |                              |
| Potentiometer       |         |         |             | RTD 3 wires                   | $0.05\%/\Omega$ (50 $\Omega$ balanced max.)   | Humidity (not conde                             | nsed) 090 %                  |
| (Nominal value)     | 0Ω      | 200 Ω   | 10%         | RTD 4 wires                   | $0.005\%/\Omega$ (100 $\Omega$ balanced max.) | Housing   |                              |
|                     | 200 Ω   | 500 Ω   | 10%         |                               |   |   | Self-extinguish plastic      |
|                     | 0.5 KΩ  | 50 KΩ   | 10%         | RTD excitation cu             |   |   | DIN rail in compliance with  |
| RES. 2,3,4 wires    |         |         |             | Typical                       | 0.350 mA                                      |   | EN-50022 and EN-50035        |
| Low                 | 0Ω      | 300 Ω   | 10 Ω        | CJC comp.                     | ± 0.5°C                                       | Weight  | about 90 g.                  |
| High                | 0Ω      | 2000 Ω  | 200 Ω       | eee compi                     | 10.00   | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,           | 0                            |
| Current             |         |         |             | Thermal drift (1)             |   | EMC (for industria                              |                              |
| mA                  | -10 mA  | +24 mA  | 2 mA        | Full scale                    | ± 0.01% / °C                                  | Immunity<br>Emission                            | EN 61000-6-2<br>EN 61000-6-4 |
| Output type         | Min     | Мах     | Min. span   | CJC                           | ± 0.01% / °C                                  |   |                              |
| Direct current      | 0 mA    | 20 mA   | 4 mA        | Burn-out values               |   |   |                              |
| Reverse current     | 20 mA   | 0 mA    | 4 mA        | Max. values                   | about 23 mA or 10.8 Vdc                       |   |                              |
| Direct voltage      | 0 V     | 10 V    | 4 MA<br>1 V | Min. values                   | about 0 mA or 0 Vdc                           |   |                              |
| Reverse voltage     | 10 V    | 0 V     | 1 V         | (1) referred to input Spar    | n (difference between max. and min. values)   |   |                              |

(\*) For temperature sensors it is possible to set the input range also in F degrees; to made the conversion use the formula: °F = (°C\*9/5)+32)

#### DAT 4135: CONFIGURATION AND CALIBRATION

#### Warning: during these operations the device must always be powered. - CONFIGURATION

1) Power-on the DAT4135 by a direct voltage between  $18 \div 30$  V.

2) Open the plastic label protection on front side of DAT 4135.

- 3) Connect the interface PRODAT to the Personal Computer and to device (connector PGRM see section " DAT4135: PROGRAMMING" ).
- 4) Run the software PROSOFT.
- 5) Set the parameters of configuration .
- 6) Program the device.

# - CALIBRATION CONTROL

# With software PROSOFT running:

1) Connect on the input a calibrator setted with minimum and maximum values referred to the electric signal or to the temperature sensor to measure.

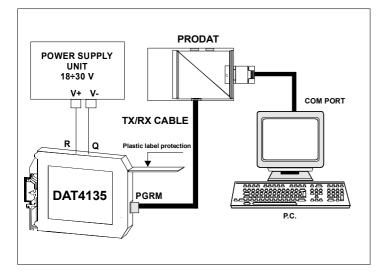
2) Set the calibrator at the minimum value.

- 3) Verify that the DAT 4135 provides on output the minimum setted value.
- 4) Set the calibrator at the maximum value.
- 5) Verify that the DAT 4135 provides on output the maximum setted value.
- 6) In case of regulation of value obtained in the step 3 and 5, use the ZERO and SPAN regulators of software PROSOFT.

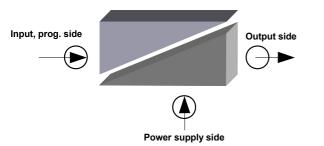
The variation introduced from these regulators must be calculated as percentage of the input range .

7) Program the device with the new parameters .

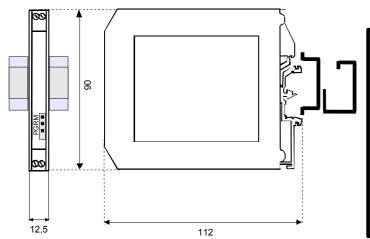
# DAT 4135: PROGRAMMING



# ISOLATION STRUCTURE



DIMENSIONS (mm) & CONNECTOR PGRM

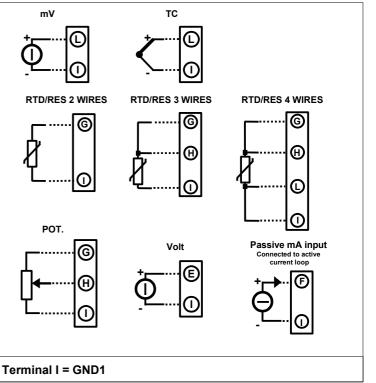


# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

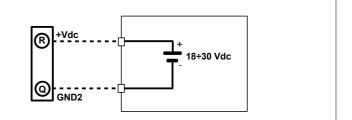
The device DAT 4135 is suitable for DIN rail mounting. It is necessary to install the device in a place without vibrations; avoid to routing conductors near power signal cables .

# DAT4135: CONNECTIONS

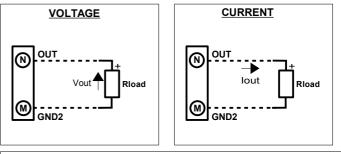
### INPUT CONNECTIONS



### POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS



### **OUTPUT CONNECTIONS**



### Note: terminal P = GND2; terminal O = Not connected (NC)

### HOW TO ORDER

The DAT4135 is provided as requested on the Customer's order. Refer to the section "Technical specification" to determine input and output ranges. In case of the configuration is not specified, the parameters must be set by the user.

| ORDER CODE EXAMPLE:   |   |
|---|---|
| DAT 4135 / Pt100 / 3 wires /                                    | 0 ÷ 200 °C)/[S.L.]/[4 ÷ 20 mA]/[Burn-out up   |
| Input type  | High or low Out of scale  |
| Sensor options :<br>RTD/RES:2,3,4 wires<br>TC: CJC int. or ext. | Output range  |
| Input range   | S.L.: standard linearisation.<br>N.L.: no linearisation.<br>C.L.: linearisation by step (Custom): |
|   | specify input curve   |

Datexel reserves its rights to modify totally or in part the characteristics of its products without warning at any time .